

# The Future of Data Protection Policy

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in **DigiGov Expo**

**DIGIGOVEXPO**



Department for  
Science, Innovation  
& Technology

# Future of Data Protection Policy



# The UK Government's Missions



## 5 MISSIONS FOR A BETTER BRITAIN



### Secure the highest sustained growth in the G7

with good jobs and productivity  
growth in every part of the  
country making everyone, not just  
a few, better off.



### Make Britain a clean energy superpower

to create jobs, cut bills and boost  
energy security with zero-carbon  
electricity by 2030, accelerating  
to net zero.



### Build an NHS fit for the future

by reforming health and care  
services to speed up treatment,  
harnessing life sciences and  
technology to reduce preventable  
illness and cutting health  
inequalities.



### Make Britain's streets safe

by reforming the police and  
justice system, to prevent crime,  
tackle violence against women,  
and stop criminals getting away  
without punishment.



### Break down the barriers to opportunity at every stage

for every child, by reforming the  
childcare and education systems,  
raising standards everywhere, and  
preparing young people for work  
and life.



# DEPARTMENT FOR SCIENCE, INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY ('DSIT')



**Sir Chris Bryant MP**  
Minister of State for Data Protection  
and Telecomms



**Peter Kyle MP**  
Secretary of State for Science,  
Innovation and Technology



**Baroness Jones of Whitchurch**  
Parliamentary Under Secretary of State  
for the Future of Digital Economy and  
Online Safety





# Strategic Objectives

To improve people's lives by maximising the potential of science and technology:



Accelerating innovation, investment and productivity through world-class science, research and development;



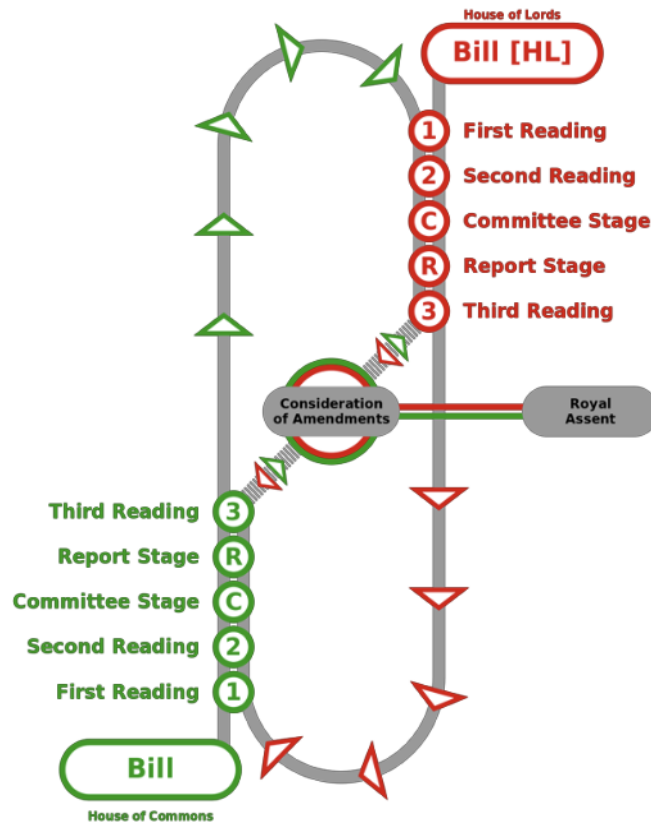
Ensuring new and existing technologies are safely developed and deployed across Britain with the benefits more widely shared and;



Driving a modern digital Government, which gives citizens a more satisfying experience and their time back.



# Stages of Bill Passage in UK Legislative Process



First Reading	Title of Bill is read. No debate. Announcement moment.
2 weekends	
Second Reading	Debate on general principles of the Bill. Lasts a few hours. Minister opens and closes, addressing all questions at end. No amendments can be made.
1 week – 10 days (Commons) or two weeks (Lords)	
Committee Stage	Line by line examination by Public Bill Committee (Commons) and whole House or Grand Committee (Lords). Amendments can be proposed and voted on. Can last several sessions/few weeks.
1 week ( Commons) or 2 weeks (Lords)	
Report Stage	Few hours debate. Discussion of Bill following Committee stage by whole House and further amendments made.
3 sitting days (Lords only)	
Third Reading	Final debate on the Bill, usually lasts up to an hour.
Repeat in Second House	
Ping Pong	If there are any amendments made in second House, it goes back to first House for approval.
Royal Assent	

# UPCOMING DATA BILL



The Bill will harness the **power of data for economic growth**. We are giving a statutory footing to three innovative uses of data that people can choose to participate in and which will accelerate innovation, investment and productivity across the UK. This includes:

1. establishing **Digital Verification Services**, which make people's everyday lives easier through innovative and secure technology. These measures support the creation and adoption of secure and trusted digital identity products and services from certified providers to help with things like moving house, pre-employment checks, and buying age restricted goods and services.
2. developing a **National Underground Asset Register**, a new digital map that is revolutionising the way we install, maintain, operate and repair the pipes and cables buried beneath our feet. It gives planners and excavators standardised, secure, instant access to the data they need, when they need it, to carry out their work effectively and safely.
3. setting up **Smart Data schemes**, which are the secure sharing of a customer's data upon their request, with authorised third-party providers.





Department for  
Science, Innovation  
& Technology

**Questions?**